Registration No:										
------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Total Number of Pages: 02

M.TECH P2PUCC15

2nd Semester Regular Examination- 2016-17 Tribology

BRANCH: PRODUCTION ENGG, PRODUCTION ENGG AND OPERATIONAL MGT

Time: 3 Hours
Max Marks: 100
Q.CODE: Z982

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any FOUR from the rest.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Q1 Answer the following questions: Short answer type

(2 x 10)

- a) What is the S.I unit of kinematic viscosity?
- b) A journal of 120 mm diameter rotates in a bearing at a speed of 1000 rpm. What is the power lost during friction if 8 kN radial load acts on the journal and coefficient of friction is 2.525 x 10⁻³?
- c) How the sliding speed effect on co-efficient of friction?
- d) What is the difference between air film lubrication and oil lubrication?
- **e)** What are the properties of a sliding contact bearing material?
- f) What are the commonly used materials for sliding contact bearings?
- **g)** What is meant by hydrodynamic lubrication?
- h) What do you mean by wear? How would you calculate wear rate?
- i) Explain the following terms as applied to journal bearings:(a) Bearing characteristic number; and (b) Bearing modulus.
- i) Why hydrostatic journal bearing is called externally pressurized bearing?
- Q2 a) Derive the generalized Reynolds equation from Navier-Stokes equation along with the continuity equation using certain assumptions for a steady laminar flow between the two parallel planes. (10)
 - b) How would you classify wear? Explain briefly on each type of wear. (10)
- Q3 a) What do you mean by bearings? Classify different type of bearings and with diagram explain on each type. (10)
 - b) Derive an expression for load carrying capacity of an infinitely long journal bearing. Use full sommerfeld and half sommerfeld's condition. (10)
- Q4 a) How the hypothesis of Burwell and Strang is differ from hypothesis of Holm to determine the material removal rate?
 - **b)** The following data is given for 360° hydrodynamic journal bearing. (10)

I/d	1
n	1350 r.p.m
Journal diameter	100 mm
Diametral clearance	100 μm
External load	9 kN

The value of minimum film thickness variable is 0.3. Find the viscosity of oil that needs to be used.

Q5	a)	Briefly describe the mechanism of pressure build-up in a hydrodynamic bearing with relevant figures	(10)
	b)	State and explain different types of lubricant and its applications. What are the properties of a good lubricant?	(10)
Q6	a)	Derive an expression to determine wear rate according to hypothesis of Archard.	(10)
	b)	Briefly describe different types of viscometer and its working principle.	(10)
Q7	a)	Write short notes on the followings: i) Rabinowicz's quantitative law for abrasive wear ii) Solid lubricants and its applications.	(5x2)
	b)	Define viscosity .State and explain the effect of temperature and pressure on viscosity of lubricating oils.	(10)