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Total Number of Pages : 02

M.Sc.I  
FMCC702

7<sup>th</sup> Semester Regular Examination 2019-20

MEASURE THEORY

BRANCH : M.Sc.I(MC)

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 70

Q.CODE : HR180

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any FIVE from the rest.  
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

**Q1** Answer the following questions : (2 x 10)

- If  $x$  is real then find  $(m^*[x])$ .
- If  $F$  is a measurable set and  $m^*(F \Delta G) = 0$  then show that  $G$  is measurable.
- If  $\{E_i\}$  be a sequence of measurable sets and  $E_1 \subseteq E_2 \subseteq \dots$  then show that
 
$$m\left(\lim_i E_i\right) = \lim_i m(E_i)$$
- Show that if  $f$  is integrable then  $f$  is finite-valued a.e.
- Is every measurable set a Borel set? Give reason.
- If  $A$  be any set and  $\{E_k\}_{k=1}^n$  a finite disjoint collection of measurable sets then show that  $m^*(A \cap [\cup_{k=1}^n E_k]) = \sum_{k=1}^n m^*(A \cap E_k)$ .
- If  $f$  is non-negative measurable function then show that  $f = 0$  a.e. if and only if  $\int f \, dx = 0$ .
- Show that the Lebesgue set of a function  $f \in L(a, b)$  contains any point at which  $f$  is continuous.
- Show that  $\int_1^\infty \frac{dx}{x} = \infty$ .
- If  $\phi$  is a measurable simple function then show that  $\int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi \, dx = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i m(A_i \cap E)$  for any measurable set  $E$ .

**Q2** a) Show that for any set  $A$ ,  $m^*(A) = m^*(A + x)$  where  $A + x = \{y + x : y \in A\}$  (5)  
 b) Show that the outer measure of an interval equals its length. (5)

**Q3** a) Show that the class of all measurable sets is a  $\sigma$ -algebra. (5)  
 b) Suppose that  $f$  is any extended real-valued function which for every  $x$  and  $y$  satisfies  $f(x) + f(y) = f(x + y)$ . Show that if  $f$  is measurable and finite then  $f(x) = xf(1)$  for each  $x$ . (5)

**Q4** a) Show the following statements regarding the set  $E$  are equivalent: (5)  
 i)  $E$  is measurable,  
 ii) for all  $\varepsilon > 0$ , there exist  $A$ , an open set,  $A \subseteq E$  such that  $m^*(A - E) \leq \varepsilon$ .  
 iii) there exist  $G$ , a  $G_\delta$  set,  $G \supseteq E$  such that  $m^*(G - E) = 0$ .  
 b) State and prove Lebesgue's dominated convergence theorem. (5)

- Q5** a) Is every interval measurable? Give reason. (5)  
b) Show that there exist uncountable sets of zero measure. (5)
- Q6** a) Are continuous functions measurable? Give reason. (5)  
b) Show that  $f \leq \text{ess sup } f$ , a.e. (5)
- Q7** a) Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(1+\frac{x}{n})^n x^{1/n}}$ . (5)  
b) Show that a function  $f \in BV[a, b]$  if and only if  $f$  is the difference of two (5)
- Q8** Write short Notes on :  
a) Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_a^{\infty} \frac{n^2 x e^{-n^2 x^2}}{1+x^2} dx$ . (5)  
b) State and prove Lebesgue's differentiation theorem. (5)