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Total Number of Pages : 02

M.Sc.I
FCYC703

7th Semester Regular Examination 2019-20
INORGANIC CHEMISTRY –VI

BRANCH : M.Sc.I(AC)

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 70

Q.CODE : HR242

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any FIVE from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

- Q1 Answer the following questions : (2 x 10)**
- a) State the structural mechanism of arsenic poisoning and its detoxification methods.
 - b) Write the names of some macronutrients and micronutrients in biological systems.
 - c) How the 'cooperative effect' is managed by hemoglobin?
 - d) Determine the number of vibrational active modes in C₂H₂. How many each of them belong to stretching and bending modes?
 - e) Derive the structural information for CS₂ molecule, if in it all the vibrations that are Raman active are IR inactive and vice versa. State the name of the rule for it.
 - f) State examples where change in spectra is observed accompanying change in symmetry upon coordination.
 - g) State and explain appearance potential in relation to mass spectrometry.
 - h) Why the nuclei with even number of both protons and neutrons are NMR inactive?
 - i) Derive the formula for isomer shift in Mossbauer spectra.
 - j) How many peaks will be observed for ethyl alcohol with low resolution NMR spectroscopy?
- Q2 a) Analyze the transport mechanism of Na⁺ and K⁺ pump with reference to ATP hydrolysis. (5)**
- b) Formulate the probable formula of a compound of mass M = 196, whose M+1 peak is 13.4% and M+2 peak is 0.4% of the parent peak. The compound consists of only C, H and O. [Natural abundance of carbon and oxygen are ¹²C (98.892%), ¹³C (1.108%) and ¹⁶O (99.759%) ¹⁸O (0.204%)] (5)**
- Q3 a) Illustrate the hydrolysis reaction for Adenosine Triphosphate (ATP) with its reactions (5)**
- b) Justify the concept of polarized and depolarized Raman active lines with reference to the selection rule for it. (5)**
- Q4 a) Develop a formula for mass spectrometry to determine M/Z ratio by both magnetic scanning and electric voltage scanning. (5)**
- b) The isomer shift of Fe(II) compounds relative to Fe(0) are generally in the range of +1 to +1.5 mms⁻¹, whereas isomer shift for Fe(III) compounds lie in the range of +0.2 to 0.5 mms⁻¹. Explain these values in terms of the electronic configuration of Fe (0), Fe (II) and Fe(III). (5)**

- Q5** a) Explain the concept of Wilson's F and G matrix. What are its applications? **(5)**
b) Analyze the role of Resonance Raman Spectroscopy in the study of biological molecules. **(5)**
- Q6** Discuss the role of iron and copper as biological oxygen carriers. Name some of the synthetic oxygen carriers with their structure. **(10)**
- Q7** Considering the molecule SF₄, evaluate the number of active IR and Raman lines by using symmetry considerations. (Use Character table for reference) **(10)**
- Q8** **Write short answer on any TWO :** **(5 x 2)**
a) Discuss the role of metal ions in biological systems.
b) Chelation therapy.
c) Fermi Resonance.