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Total Number of Pages : 02

B.Tech  
PAU7J001

7<sup>th</sup> Semester Regular Examination 2019-20

SENSOR & TRANSDUCERS

BRANCH : AUTO

Max Marks : 100

Time : 3 Hours

Q.CODE : HR013

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

**Part- I**

**Q1 Only Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10) (2 x 10)**

- a) A thermistor has resistance temperature co-efficient of -5% over a temperature range of 25 °C to 50 °C. If the resistance of thermistor is 100 Ω at 25 °C. Then Determine resistance at 40 °C.
- b) What is the pressure range of bellows?
- c) What is dynamic error in measurement systems?
- d) What is PUSH-PULL configuration?
- e) Why Gamma-rays are used for level indicator?
- f) Loading effect in instrumentation can be minimized by use of which amplifier.
- g) The moving core in a LVDT is made of which material?
- h) The strain gauge has a gauge factor  $G = -100$ . State the type of strain gauge.
- i) J type thermocouple is made of which materials.
- j) What is the difficulty in conditioning low level d.c signals in instrumentation system?

**Part- II**

**Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)**

- a) A resistance strain gauge with a gauge factor of 2 is fastened to a steel member which is subjected to a strain of  $1\mu$  strain. If the original resistance value of the gauge is 130Ω. calculate the change in resistance.
- b) Derive and draw the response of a second order element to a unit step input.
- c) Explain the installation problems of thermocouple.
- d) What is the difficulty in conditioning low level d.c signals in instrumentation system?
- e) Explain the statistical characteristics of measurement system briefly
- f) Explain how displacement is being sensed by LVDT by suitable characteristic curve.
- g) Explain the ultrasonic sensing element with one measurement scheme.
- h) Derive the voltage-displacement relationship for a loaded potentiometer. Also find non-linearity as % of fsd.
- i) Explain the principle, advantage and disadvantage of RTD.
- j) Distinguish bellows and diaphragm.
- k) Explain a complete a.c. carrier system with the schematic block diagram with highlighting PSD.
- l) Explain the installation problems of thermocouple and cold junction compensation briefly.

**Part-III****Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)**

**Q3** The following results were obtained when a pressure transducer was tested in a laboratory under the following conditions : **(16)**

- a. Ambient temperature 20 °C, supply voltage 10 V (standard)
- b. Ambient temperature 20 °C, supply voltage 12 V
- c. Ambient temperature 25 °C, supply voltage 10 V

Input (barg)→	0	2	4	6	8	10
Output (mA)→						
I	4	7.2	10.4	13.6	16.8	20
II	4	8.4	12.8	17.2	21.6	28
III	6	9.2	12.4	15.6	18.8	22

Predict an output value when the input is 5 barg,  $V_s = 12$  V and ambient temperature is 25 °C.

**Q4** Derive an expression for output voltage gain of an instrumentation amplifier. Also differentiate differential amplifier and instrumentation amplifier. **(16)**

**Q5** Explain briefly how the push-pull configuration (capacitive type & inductive type) is being used for improvement of linearity and sensitivity of a level sensor? **(16)**

**Q6** Derive an expression of variable reluctance displacement sensor. Suggest a method to overcome the non-linearity of the said output expression. **(16)**