

Registration no:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Total Number of Pages: 2

bput question papers visit <http://www.bputonline.com>**MSc.I**
FMCC602

6th Semester Regular Examination– 2016-17
COMPLEX ANALYSIS
BRANCH(S): Mathematics and Computing
Time: 3 Hour
Max marks: 70
Q Code : Z191

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Q1 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)

- If $f(z)$ is differentiable at z_0 show that it is continuous at z_0 .
- Determine the radius of convergence of the power series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^{n^2} z^n$.
- Find the fixed points of $T(z) = \frac{z+1}{z-1}$.
- Find all points at which the mapping $w = z^2 + \frac{1}{z^2}$ is not conformal.
- Evaluate $\int_{\gamma} \frac{dz}{z^2}$ where γ is defined by $|z| = d, d > 0$.
- State Morera's theorem.
- Classify the isolated singular points of $\frac{(1+z)\cos z}{z}$.
- State Argument principle. bput question papers visit <http://www.bputonline.com>
- Find the residue at the singular point of $f(z) = \frac{\sin 2z}{z^6}$.
- Evaluate $\int_C \frac{e^z dz}{\pi z - i}$, where C is $|z| = 1$.

- Q2 a) Show that an analytic function with constant modulus is constant. [4]
 b) Show that $f(z) = e^{-z^{-4}}$, $z \neq 0$ and $f(0) = 0$ is not analytic at $z = 0$ although Cauchy-Riemann equations are satisfied there. [6]

- Q3 a) Define cross ratio and prove that the cross ratio is real if and only if [5]

four points lie on a circle.

- b) Find a Linear Fractional Transformation that maps left half plane into the unit disk. [5]
bput question papers visit <http://www.bputonline.com>

Q4 a) State and prove Cauchy's integral formula. [5]

- b) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{\cosh(\pi z)}{z(z^2+1)} dz$ counterclockwise around the contour $C: |z| = 2$. [5]

Q5 State and prove Maximum modulus theorem [10]

Q6 a) Represent the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{z(z^2-3z+2)}$ in Laurent series for the regions (i) $0 < |z| < 1$ (ii) $1 < |z| < 2$. [5]

- b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos x}{x^2+a^2} dx$ [5]

Q7 Using residue theorem evaluate the following integrals [5+5]

(a) $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos \theta}{3+\sin \theta} d\theta$ (b) $\int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{dx}{x^4+16}$

Q8 a) Prove that if a function $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ is analytic in a domain D , then u and v are harmonic in D . [2]

b) State and prove the fundamental theorem of algebra. [4]

c) Find the zeros and discuss the nature of singularities of [4]

$$f(z) = \frac{z-2}{z^2} \sin \frac{1}{z-1}$$
