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2nd Semester Regular Examination – 2016-17

PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

BRANCH(S): M.Sc.(Z1163MH)

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 70

Q.CODE:Z1163

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

- Q1** Answer the following questions: (2 × 10)
- Find the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from $f(x + y + z, x^2 + y^2 + z^2) = 0$.
 - Find the general integral of the linear partial differential equation $y^2p - xyq = x(z - 2y)$.
 - Write the Charpit's auxiliary equation..
 - Classify the partial differential equation $u_{xx} + 4u_{xy} + 4u_{yy} = 0$.
 - Write the Laplacian in cylindrical and spherical coordinate form.
 - Solve $4u_x + u_y = 3u, u(0, y) = e^{-5y}$.
 - Write the two substitutions are introduced in D'Alemberts method to solve Partial differential equations.
 - Write the Duhamel's Principle..
 - Write the necessary and sufficient condition that a surface be an integral surface of a partial differential equation.
 - Show that the partial differential equation $u_{tt} - c^2u_{xx} = 0$ is hyperbolic and find its Canonical form.
- Q2** a) Solve the equations $xp = yq, z(xp + yq) = 2xy$ are compatible and solve them. (5)
b) Solve using Charpit's Method $z^2 = pqxy$. (5)
- Q3** a) Show that the only solution of $\nabla^2 u = 0$ depending on $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ is $u = a \ln r + b$ with constants 'a' and 'b'. (5)
b) Find the electrostatic potential between two concentric spheres of radii $r_1 = 2\text{cm}$ and $r_2 = 4\text{cm}$ kept at the potential $U_1 = 220\text{volt}$, and $U_2 = 140\text{ volt}$ respectively. (5)
- Q4** Show that $u_n = r^n \cos n\theta, u_n = r^n \sin n\theta, n = 0, 1, \dots$ are solution of Laplace's equation $\nabla^2 u = 0$ with $\nabla^2 u = u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r} u_r$ (10)
- Q5** a) Find the surface which intersects the surfaces of the system $z(x + y) = c(3z + 1)$ orthogonally and which passes through the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1, z = 1$. (5)
b) Find the solution of the equation $z = \frac{1}{2}(p^2 + q^2) + (p - x)(q - y)$ which passes through the X-axis. (5)
- Q6** Solve $u_t - u_{xx} = 0, u(x, 0) = u(0, t) = 0; u(1, t) = t$ for $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq t \leq 0.5$ (10)
- Q7** Derive the two dimensional wave equation $u_t = c^2(u_{xx} + u_{yy})$ (10)
- Q8** Solve the diffusion equation $u_t - ku_{xx} = e^{-x}$ on $x \in R, t > 0$ with initial condition $u(x, 0) = 0$ (10)