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Registration No :													
													MCA MCC301
3 rd Semester Back Examination 2019-20 ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF ALGORITHMS BRANCH: MCA Max Marks: 70 Time: 3 Hours Q.CODE: HB555 Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any FIVE from the rest. The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.													
Q1	a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i)	Answer the following questions: Define 0/1 Knapsack problem. Whether Backtracking always produces optimal solution. Justify your answer. Solve the following recurrence equation: $T(n) = 5T(n-1) + 2n + n2$ Is o(g(n)) \cap ω (g(n)) the empty set. Justify your answer. What is "approximation ratio" of an algorithm for solving a NP-complete problem? Define Hamiltonian Circuit problem in an undirected Graph. Give the time efficiency and drawback of merge sort algorithm. What are the minimum and maximum numbers of elements in a heap of height h? What is meant by Chromatic number for a graph? Explain with one example briefly. Draw a graph for the following matrix									ight	(2 x 10)	
Q2	a) b)	What do you mean by asymptotic notations? State the criteria that should be satisfied by all Algorithms. Compare Backtracking and Branch and Bound techniques with an example.											(5) (5)
Q3	a) b)	Compare how Dijkstra's and Floyd's algorithms solve the shortest-path problem. Should these two both be categorized as greedy, or both as dynamic-programming, algorithms? Write an algorithm/a pseudo code to find the Kth smallest elements in an array of n numbers.											(5) (5)
Q4	a) b)												(5) (5)
Q5	a)	Define Amortized analysis? Explain with example, how amortized analysis is											(5)

differing from average case analysis?

Hamiltonian circuit problem

b) Using Backtracking enumerate how can you solve the following problem:

Q6 a) Write a recursive procedure to compute height of a binary tree. (5) Two computational problems P1 and P2 are called polynomial-time equivalent (5) if there exist polynomial-time reductions P1 ≤ P2 and P2 ≤ P1. Prove or disprove: Every two NP-Complete problems are polynomial time equivalent. Q7 a) What do you mean by algorithm? State the criteria that should be satisfied by (5) all Algorithms. b) Find an optimal parenthesization of a matrix-chain product whose sequence of (5) dimensions is (5, 10, 3, 12, 5, 50, 6) Q8 Write short answer on any TWO: (5×2) a) Huffman Coding b) Garbage collection c) 4- Queen problem