Total number of printed pages: 4

B. Tech PEEC 5401

Seventh Semester Examination - 2006

ANTENNA ENGINEERING

Full Marks: 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

1. Explain the following:

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- (a) What are radiation fields?
- (b) How the magnitude of far fields varies with distance?
- (c) Why are the near-zone fields called quasi-static fields?

- (d) In the radiation pattern of a uniform linear array of many elements, how many dB down from the principal maximum are the first side lobes ?
- (e) Why folded dipole is used ?
- (f) What do you conclude if the directivity of an antenna is unity?
- (g) Why is it essential to use arrays for radiation purposes?
- (h) What is meant by the effective area of an antenna?
- (i) What is a log-periodic antenna?
- (j) What are an aperture radiator and its complement?
- 2. Using field equations, show that the directive gain of Hertzian dipole is D $(\theta, \phi) = 1.5 \sin^2 \theta$ and that of a half-wave dipole is D $(\theta, \phi) = 1.64 [\cos^2 (\pi/2 \cos \theta)/\sin^2 \theta]$.
- 3. An array of two point sources is excited in the following manner. For each one of them obtain array factor:

- (i) Equal amplitude, in phase excitation
- (ii) Equal amplitude, 180° out of phase excitation.
 Find directions of maxima, minima and half power point and plot approximate pattern in each case.

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4. (a) What is a microstrip antenna? In which frequency range they are most popular. Write the expressions for radiation resistance, bandwidth and effective height of microstrip patch.

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(b) For a polystyrene substrate with relative permittivity of 2.7, what width-substrate thickness ratio results in a 50 Ω microstrip transmission line?

5. (a) Elaborate the concept of log-periodic antenna design. What is the necessary phase angle difference between the elements and how is it achieved?

(b) Explain how log-periodic antenna works over a wide band of frequency range?

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- (a) Briefly explain the principle of working of pyramidal horn antenna.
 - (b) A pyramidal horn antenna having aperture dimension of a = 5.2 cm and b = 3.8 cm is used at a frequency of 10 GHz. Calculate its gain and half power beam width. Comment on the calculated half-power beam width in relation with that of a dipole.
- 7. (a) Explain the need of directional transmission and how is it achieved at different frequency range?
 - (b) Derive the expression for the secondary field pattern of parabolic reflectors.
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- 8. Write short notes on: (any two) 5×2
 - (a) Retarded vector magnetic potential
 - (b) Yagi-Uda array
 - (c) Measurement of Radiation pattern.

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