Total number of printed pages – 7 B. Tech
CPEE 5401

Seventh Semester Examination - 2008
POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

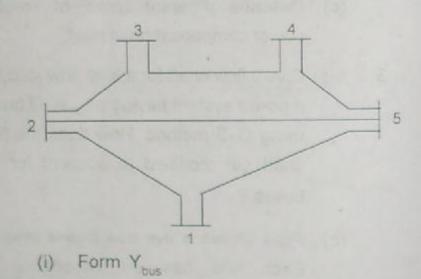
- 1. Answer the following questions: 2 ×10
 - (i) What is meant by "compact storage scheme" in load flow analysis?
 - (ii) What is meant by terms 'Jacobian' ?
 - (iii) Why a direct solution of load flow is not possible?

- (iv) Why a majority of buses in power systems are load buses?
- (v) Differentiate between stability and loss of synchronous.
- (vi) What is transfer reactance?
- (vii) A power system network consists of three elements 0-1, 1-2 and 2-0 of per unit impedances 0.2, 0.4, and 0.4 respectively. What is its bus impedance matrix?
- (viii) Principle of Equal-area criterion is to be applied to determine, for a given initial load P_1 , the maximum amount of sudden increase in load ΔP_1 , to maintain transient stability of a cylindrical rotor synchronous motor operating from an infinite bus. Applying this criterion (in each case the area A_1 = area A_2), draw the correct diagram.

- (ix) With 100% inductive shunt compensation the voltage profile will be flat for what percentage loading of line. Briefly explain your answer.
- (x) What are the effects of series capacitance compensation?
- (a) Analytically establish the role of reactive power on receiving end voltage and voltage regulation of the load bus.
 - (b) What is reactive compensation and what are the benefits?
 - (c) Describe different types of reactive power compensation in brief.
- 3. (a) Give a flow chart for a load flow study on a power system having only P-Q buses using G-S method. How does the flow chart get modified to account for PV buses?
 - (b) Fig.1 shows a five bus power system. Each line has an impedance of

0.05+j0.15 pu. The line shunt admittances may be neglected. The bus power and voltage specifications are given below:

Bus	PL	Q	P _G	Q _G	٧	Bus Specification
1	1.0	0.5	Not Specified	Not Specified	1.02<0	Slack Bus
2	0	0	2	Not Specified	1.02	PV Bus
3	0.5	0.2	0	0	Not Specified	PQ Bus
4	0.5	0.2	0	0	Not Specified	PQ Bus
5	0.5	0.2	0	0	Not Specified	PQ Bus



(ii) Find Q₂, δ₂, V₃, V₄ and V₅ after the first iteration using Gauss-Seidel method.
Assume Q_{2min} = 0.2 pu and Q_{2max} = 0.6 pu.

- Distinguish between steady state, transient and dynamic stability. Derive power angle equation.

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 - (b) Using equal area criterion, derive an expression for critical clearing angle for a system having a generator feeding a large system through a double circuit line.
- A 50 HZ generator of reactance 0.8 pu is connected to an infinite bus through a line of 0.4 pu reactance. E = 1.05 pu, V = 1.0 pu. The inertia constant is 4 MJ/MVA The generator is loaded to 70% of the maximum power limit. Find the frequency of natural oscillations. Derive the formula used.

- 6. A single area consists of two generating units, rated at 400 and 800 MVA, with speed regulation of 4% and 5% on their respective ratings. The units are operating in parallel, sharing 700 MW. Unit 1 supplies 200 MW and unit 2 supplies 500 MW at 1.0 per unit (60 Hz) frequency. The load is increased by 130 MW.
 - (a) Assume there is no frequency dependent load, i.e., D = 0. Find the steady-state frequency deviation and the new generation on each unit.
 - (b) The load varies 0.804 percent for every
 1 percent change in frequency, i.e.,
 D = 0.804. Find the steady state
 frequency deviation and the new generation on each unit.

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7. On a system consisting of two generating plants the incremental costs in rupees per megawatt-hour with P₁ and P₂ in megawatts are

$$\frac{dF_1}{dP_1} = 0.00P_1 + 8.0 \text{ and } \frac{dF_2}{dP_2} = 0.012P_2 + 9.0$$

The system is operating on economic dispatch with $P_1 = P_2 = 500$ MW and $\delta P_1/\delta P_2 = 0.2$. Find the penalty factor of plant 1.

- 8. Write short note on: 5×2
 - (a) Methods of improvement of transient stability.
 - (b) Economic dispatch controller.