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Total Number of Pages: 2

B.TECH
FESM6302

5th Semester Regular / Back Examination 2016-17
ADVANCED NUMERICAL METHODS
BRANCH(S): CIVIL, MECH
Time: 3 Hours
Max Marks: 70
Q. CODE: Y377

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Q1 Answer the following questions:

(2 x 10)

- a) What do you mean by piecewise cubic interpolation?.
- b) What do you mean by Spline interpolation?
- c) Find the value of $f'(3)$ by central difference and central difference formulas of the following data

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
f(x)	3	5	8	10	13	16

- d) Explain basic power method to find eigen values of a matrix?
- e) What is accelerating convergence?
- f) Write the formula for Milne-explicit to solve ODE.
- g) Define Discrete Fourier transform.
- h) Name some of the predictor corrector methods to solve ODE.
- i) Write the implicit formula to solve the wave equation.
- j) Write down the explicit formula to solve the heat equation.

Q2 a) Using Piecewise Quadratic Interpolation find the interpolating polynomial of the (5)

function $y = f(x)$ defined by the data:

$$x = [-3 \quad -2 \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad 6 \quad 7]$$

$$y = [369 \quad 222 \quad 171 \quad 165 \quad 207 \quad 990 \quad 1779].$$

Hence estimate the values of $f(-2.5)$ and $f(2.5)$.

b) Fit a cubic spline function for the data (5)

x	0	1	2	3
y	1	2	33	244

Assume $M(0) = f''(0) = 0$. Hence find $f(2.5)$.

- Q3 a)** For the following data estimate the first derivatives at 3 employing step sizes of 1 and 0.5 by Central Difference Formula. Then compute an improved estimate with Richardson's extrapolation **(5)**

x	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5
y=f(x)	2	2.82843	4	5.65685	8	11.31371	16	22.62742	32

- b)** Using Romberg integration evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{1+x}{1+x^3} dx$ taking $h = 1$ **(5)**

- Q4** Using inverse power method, find the smallest eigen value of the following matrix after five iterations. Also find the corresponding eigen vectors. **(10)**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 & 15 \\ 6 & 15 & 46 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Q5** Find QR factorization of the following matrix. **(10)**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Q6** Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x+y}$, $y(0) = 1$ on $[0, 1]$, taking step size $h = 0.25$ using Adam – Bashforth – Moulton predictor-corrector method. **(5)**

- Q7** Using Crank - Nicolson method solve the heat equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, for $0 < x < 1$, $0 \leq t \leq 0.5$ with the initial condition $u(x,0) = \sin \pi x$, for $0 < x < 1$ and boundary conditions are $u(0,t) = 0, u(1,t) = 1$ for $0 \leq t \leq 0.5$ with $h = 0.25, k = 0.25$ **(10)**

- Q8 (a)** Using FFT, find the interpolation function for the data $z = \langle 0,1,2,3 \rangle$. **(5)**

- (b)** Using Milne's method find $y(0.6)$ of the initial value problem $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}(1 + x^2)y^2$, $y(0) = 1, y(0.1) = 0.99587, y(0.2) = 0.98548, y(0.3) = 0.97131$ on $[0, 0.5]$ with $h=0.1$. **(5)**
