Registration No: $\square$
Total Number of Pages: 02
B.Pharm

15PH106

## $1^{\text {st }}$ Semester Regular/Back Examination 2017-18 <br> REMEDIAL MATHEMATICS <br> BRANCH : B.Pharma <br> Time : 3 Hours <br> Max Marks : 100 <br> Q.CODE : B1240

Answer Question No. 1 and 2 which are compulsory and any four from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.
Answer the following questions :
a)

The value of $\left|\begin{array}{lll}17 & 58 & 17 \\ 19 & 60 & 19 \\ 18 & 59 & 18\end{array}\right|=$ $\qquad$ (1,0,-1,2)
b) State the order of $\left[\begin{array}{llll}\boldsymbol{a} & \boldsymbol{b} & \boldsymbol{c} & \boldsymbol{d}\end{array}\right]=$ $\qquad$ ( $1 \times 4,4 \times 1,2 \times 1,1 \times 2$ )
c) i) The median of the series $1,3,2,8,6$ is $\qquad$ .
ii) The mode of the series $1,2,2,3,2,4,1$ is $\qquad$ .
d) If $\cos \alpha=\frac{3}{5}, \cos \beta=\frac{5}{13} \quad, 0<\alpha<\frac{\pi}{2}, 0<\beta<\frac{\pi}{2}$,
the value of $\cos (\alpha-\beta)=$
e) The equation of a line passing through the point ( $-4,-7$ ) and parallel to $x$ axis= $\qquad$ $(y+7=0, y-7=0, x+7=0, x-7=0)$
f) The equation of a line passing through the point $(5,4)$ and having

Slope - 4 is $\qquad$
$(4 x+y=24,4 x-y=24,-4 x+y=0,-4 x-y=24)$
g) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^{4}-16}{x-2}=$ $\qquad$
h) Find the differential coefficient of $\boldsymbol{e}^{\tan x}$ with respect to x .
i) $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos x d x=$ $\qquad$ . $(0,1,-1,2)$
j) Evaluate: $\int x e^{x} d x$.

Q2 Answer the following questions: Short answer type
a) Find two consecutive natural numbers whose product is 56 .
b) What is singular matrix and give one example?
c) Define median and give one example.
d) Find the value of $\sin 75^{0}$
e) Find the distance between the points $\mathrm{P}(-3,7)$ and $\mathrm{Q}(-1,9)$.
f) Prove that the points $(-2,5),(0,1)$ and $(2,-3)$ are collinear.
g) Evaluate: $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3 x}{\sin 2 x}$
h) Differentiate $e^{\cot x}$ with respect to cosx.
i) Evaluate: $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+a}} d x$
j) Evaluate: $\int x e^{x} d x$.

Q3 a) Prove that $\left|\begin{array}{ccc}\mathbf{1} & \mathbf{1} & \mathbf{1} \\ \boldsymbol{a} & \boldsymbol{b} & \boldsymbol{c} \\ \boldsymbol{a}^{2} & b^{2} & c^{2}\end{array}\right|=(\boldsymbol{a}-\boldsymbol{b})(\boldsymbol{b}-\boldsymbol{c})(\boldsymbol{c}-\boldsymbol{a})$
b) Solve: $9 x^{4}+20=29 x^{2}$

Q4 a) Find the inverse of the matrix $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{lll}3 & -3 & \mathbf{4} \\ 2 & -3 & \mathbf{4} \\ \mathbf{0} & -\mathbf{1} & \mathbf{1}\end{array}\right]$
b) Solve: $4 x^{4}-4 x^{3}-7 x^{2}-4 x+4=0, x \neq 0$.

Q5 Compute the mean, median and mode of the following frequency distribution:

| Wages (in Rs.) | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of labourers | 22 | 38 | 46 | 35 | 20 |

Q6 a) Show that $(1+\cot A-\operatorname{cosec} A)(1+\tan A+\sec A)=2$
b) If $a \cos \theta+b \sin \theta=p, a \sin \theta-b \cos \theta=q$,
prove that $\boldsymbol{a}^{2}+\boldsymbol{b}^{2}=\boldsymbol{p}^{2}+\boldsymbol{q}^{2}$
c) Find the Value of $\sin 18^{0}$

Q7 a) The four vertices of a quadrilateral are (1, 2), (6, 2), (5, 3) and (3, 4), find the area of this quadrilateral.
b) Find the equations of the altitudes of the triangle whose vertices are $\mathrm{A}(6,-$
1), $B(-3,8)$ and $C(3,2)$

Q8 a) Evaluate: $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{x}-1}{\sqrt{1+x}-1}$
b) Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ if $y=\left(3-x^{2}\right)\left(x^{3}-x+1\right)$
c) Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ if $y=\log \log x$

Q9
a) Evaluate: $\int \frac{e^{x}-\sin x}{e^{x}+\cos x} d x$
b) Solve: $\int x \sin \frac{x}{2} d x$
c) Solve: $\int \frac{6 x+7}{(x+2)^{2}} d x$

